

**A MINI PROJECT REPORT**

**ON**

**CAFE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

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**ABSTRACT**

The Cafe Management System is an integrated software solution designed to optimize the operations of cafes and restaurants, enhancing both efficiency and customer experience. The system encompasses several key functionalities that cater to the diverse needs of cafe management.

Firstly, the order management module allows staff to quickly input and process customer orders through a user-friendly interface. This feature minimizes wait times and improves service speed, which is crucial in a fast-paced environment. Customers can place orders directly from tables using tablets or mobile devices, further enhancing convenience.

Secondly, the inventory management feature enables real-time tracking of stock levels, helping cafe owners monitor ingredient availability and reduce waste. Automated alerts notify managers when stock levels fall below a predefined threshold, ensuring that popular items are always available.

The billing and payment processing component streamlines the checkout process by providing accurate and detailed invoices. Customers can pay using various methods, including cash, credit/debit cards, and mobile payments, which enhances flexibility and convenience.

Additionally, the system includes customer relationship management (CRM) tools that allow cafes to collect and analyze customer data. This information can be used to personalize marketing efforts, track customer preferences, and implement loyalty programs, fostering customer retention and satisfaction.

Finally, the reporting and analytics features provide insights into sales trends, employee performance, and customer behavior. Managers can generate reports on daily sales, peak hours, and popular menu items, enabling data-driven decision-making to enhance profitability.

In summary, the Cafe Management System is a vital tool for modern cafes, designed to improve operational efficiency, enhance customer service, and drive business growth through technology.

**1.1 INTORDUCTION:**

A cafe management system is a specialized software solution designed to streamline and enhance the operations of cafes and restaurants. In an industry where speed, efficiency, and customer service are paramount, this system serves as a vital tool for managing various aspects of the business.

The primary function of the cafe management system is to facilitate order management. It allows staff to quickly input customer orders, whether they are taken at the counter or through tableside devices. This reduces wait times and ensures that orders are accurately processed, leading to a better customer experience. Additionally, many systems offer features like menu customization, allowing cafes to easily update their offerings based on seasonal ingredients or customer preferences.

Inventory management is another critical component of the system. It provides real-time tracking of stock levels, helping cafe owners manage their supplies effectively. By monitoring inventory, cafes can minimize waste, avoid stockouts, and ensure that popular items are always available. Automated alerts notify managers when stock levels are low, prompting timely reordering.

The billing and payment processing features of a cafe management system simplify the checkout process. Staff can generate accurate invoices quickly, and customers can choose from various payment options, including cash, credit/debit cards, and mobile payments. This flexibility enhances the overall customer experience and speeds up the payment process, reducing congestion during peak hours.

Customer relationship management (CRM) tools are also integrated into many cafe management systems. These tools allow cafes to collect and analyze customer data, helping them understand preferences and behaviors. With this information, cafes can implement targeted marketing strategies, loyalty programs, and personalized promotions, fostering stronger customer relationships and encouraging repeat visits.

Additionally, reporting and analytics capabilities provide valuable insights into sales trends, employee performance, and customer demographics. Managers can generate reports to identify peak hours, popular menu items, and overall sales performance. This data-driven approach enables informed decision-making, helping cafes optimize their operations and increase profitability.

In summary, a cafe management system is an essential tool for modern cafes, designed to improve operational efficiency, enhance customer service, and drive business growth. By integrating various functionalities into a single platform, it allows cafe owners and managers to focus on what matters most—delivering an exceptional experience to their customers.

**1.2 OBJECTIVES:**

A **Cafe Management System (CMS)** aims to enhance the overall efficiency, organization, and performance of a cafe or restaurant. The primary objectives of implementing such a system include streamlining operations, improving customer service, and maximizing profitability. Here are the key objectives:

**1. Efficient Order Management**

* **Objective**: To simplify and speed up the process of taking orders, sending them to the kitchen, and managing delivery, ensuring that customers receive their orders correctly and on time.
* **Benefit**: Reduces human error, increases order accuracy, and improves service speed, leading to higher customer satisfaction.

**2. Automated Billing and Payment Processing**

* **Objective**: To automate the billing process and facilitate seamless, fast, and accurate payment handling, including support for multiple payment methods.
* **Benefit**: Speeds up transaction times, minimizes errors, and offers customers flexibility in payment options, improving the overall dining experience.

**3. Inventory and Stock Management**

* **Objective**: To track the usage of ingredients and supplies, ensuring that stock levels are maintained, and inventory is updated in real-time.
* **Benefit**: Prevents stockouts, reduces waste, and helps in purchasing decisions, optimizing the supply chain and controlling costs.

**4. Customer Relationship Management (CRM)**

* **Objective**: To store and analyze customer data (like order history, preferences, etc.), allowing for personalized service, loyalty programs, and targeted promotions.
* **Benefit**: Improves customer retention and satisfaction by offering tailored services, discounts, and special offers based on customer behavior.

**5. Employee and Shift Management**

* **Objective**: To manage employee schedules, track working hours, and simplify payroll processing.
* **Benefit**: Optimizes staffing levels during peak hours, improves employee management, and reduces administrative workload.

**6. Real-time Sales and Financial Reporting**

* **Objective**: To generate real-time reports on sales, inventory, customer preferences, and overall financial performance, providing insights into business performance.
* **Benefit**: Enables data-driven decision-making for pricing, menu adjustments, and business growth strategies, leading to better financial management.

**7. Customer Feedback and Review Management**

* **Objective**: To collect customer feedback and reviews to gauge satisfaction and identify areas for improvement.
* **Benefit**: Provides valuable insights into the customer experience, helping businesses address concerns and enhance service quality.

**8. Online Ordering and Delivery Integration**

* **Objective**: To facilitate online ordering for takeout or delivery through a website or app, increasing sales opportunities beyond dine-in customers.
* **Benefit**: Expands the cafe's customer base, boosts revenue, and provides convenience for customers who prefer delivery or takeaway.

**9. Menu and Pricing Management**

* **Objective**: To enable easy updates and changes to the menu, including pricing adjustments, new items, and special promotions.
* **Benefit**: Allows flexibility in adapting to customer demands, seasonal offerings, and market trends, ensuring the menu remains competitive and attractive.

**10. Streamline Business Operations**

* **Objective**: To automate day-to-day operations such as inventory tracking, order processing, and employee scheduling, reducing manual efforts.
* **Benefit**: Increases overall operational efficiency, reduces the workload on staff, and ensures smooth functioning, allowing employees to focus on customer service.

**1.3 SYSTEM MODULES:**

**1. Order Management Module**

* **Description**: This module is responsible for managing customer orders, from order placement to completion. It handles the details of each order, including the menu items, quantity, special instructions, and customer details.
* **Key Features**:
  + Order entry via POS (Point of Sale) or mobile app.
  + Customization options for menu items (e.g., toppings, drinks).
  + Order status tracking (e.g., preparing, completed, delivered).
  + Integration with kitchen/barista displays for real-time updates.
* **Benefits**: Reduces order errors, enhances order speed, and improves customer satisfaction.

**2. Billing and Payment Module**

* **Description**: The billing module automates the generation of invoices, handles payment processing, and manages transactions. It supports multiple payment methods, such as cash, credit/debit cards, and mobile wallets.
* **Key Features**:
  + Automated invoice generation based on order details.
  + Integration with payment gateways for secure payment processing.
  + Split bills and applying discounts or loyalty rewards.
  + Tax calculations and tips management.
* **Benefits**: Increases transaction speed, reduces billing errors, and offers customers a variety of payment options.

**3. Inventory and Stock Management Module**

* **Description**: This module tracks the availability and usage of ingredients, beverages, and other cafe supplies. It helps manage stock levels and orders, and ensures that the cafe doesn't run out of essential items.
* **Key Features**:
  + Real-time inventory tracking and alerts for low stock.
  + Automatic stock updates based on sales and usage.
  + Reports on stock usage, spoilage, and wastage.
  + Supplier management and purchase order creation.
* **Benefits**: Prevents stockouts, reduces wastage, helps maintain optimal inventory levels, and improves cost control.

**4. Customer Relationship Management (CRM) Module**

* **Description**: The CRM module is designed to manage customer data and interactions, helping to personalize services, improve customer loyalty, and increase retention.
* **Key Features**:
  + Customer profiles with purchase history, preferences, and contact details.
  + Loyalty programs, reward points, and discounts.
  + Email and SMS marketing for promotions, offers, and reminders.
  + Feedback and review management.
* **Benefits**: Enhances customer satisfaction, encourages repeat visits, and fosters long-term relationships with customers.

**5. Employee Management Module**

* **Description**: This module handles staff scheduling, attendance tracking, and payroll management, helping to ensure that the cafe has adequate staff at all times.
* **Key Features**:
  + Employee scheduling and shift management.
  + Time tracking and attendance monitoring.
  + Payroll calculation and tax management.
  + Role-based access control for different staff members (e.g., cashier, waiter, manager).
* **Benefits**: Optimizes staff scheduling, reduces payroll errors, and ensures smooth staffing operations, especially during busy hours.

**6. Sales and Financial Reporting Module**

* **Description**: This module provides comprehensive reports on sales, revenue, expenses, and profit margins. It helps business owners and managers track performance and make data-driven decisions.
* **Key Features**:
  + Real-time sales reports (daily, weekly, monthly).
  + Profit and loss statements.
  + Expense tracking and budget management.
  + Insights on best-selling items, peak times, and customer trends.
* **Benefits**: Facilitates financial planning, identifies growth opportunities, and aids in budgeting and cost control.

**7. Menu Management Module**

* **Description**: This module allows managers to add, edit, or remove menu items. It ensures the menu is always up-to-date with accurate prices, descriptions, and ingredient lists.
* **Key Features**:
  + Easy addition and editing of menu items.
  + Pricing and description management.
  + Integration with order and billing systems.
  + Option to highlight special offers or seasonal items.
* **Benefits**: Offers flexibility in updating the menu, helps adjust pricing quickly, and ensures accurate and consistent menu details.

**8. Online Ordering and Delivery Module**

* **Description**: This module enables customers to place orders online for delivery or takeout. It integrates with the cafe's website or mobile app and helps manage online orders seamlessly.
* **Key Features**:
  + Online ordering through web or mobile app.
  + Real-time order tracking for customers.
  + Delivery management with address and time preferences.
  + Integration with third-party delivery platforms (e.g., UberEats, DoorDash).
* **Benefits**: Expands the customer base, increases sales opportunities, and provides convenience for customers who prefer delivery or takeout.

**9. Supplier and Purchase Management Module**

* **Description**: This module tracks the cafe's suppliers, manages purchase orders, and monitors deliveries to ensure that stock levels are maintained and that quality ingredients are always available.
* **Key Features**:
  + Supplier information management (contact details, lead times, etc.).
  + Purchase order generation and tracking.
  + Monitoring deliveries and ensuring accuracy.
  + Reporting on supplier performance and prices.
* **Benefits**: Streamlines the procurement process, ensures reliable supplies, and helps negotiate better pricing with suppliers.

**10. Reporting and Analytics Module**

* **Description**: This module provides analytical tools and generates reports for various aspects of the cafe's operations, including sales, customer behavior, employee performance, and inventory usage.
* **Key Features**:
  + Customizable reporting templates (sales, inventory, financials).
  + Data visualization tools (charts, graphs, dashboards).
  + Customer behavior analysis (e.g., most popular menu items, peak hours).
  + Performance tracking of staff and suppliers.
* **Benefits**: Provides insights into business performance, helps identify trends, and supports strategic decision-making.

**2.SURVEY OF TECHNOLOGY**

### 2.1.Software Description:

The **Cafe Management System** is a comprehensive software solution designed to manage the day-to-day operations of a cafe or restaurant. It helps streamline processes such as order taking, billing, inventory management, and customer service, all while providing detailed reports and insights for the cafe owner. The system typically features a user-friendly interface for employees and managers, and may include various modules depending on the size and complexity of the cafe.

Here’s a breakdown of the key functionalities of a typical Cafe Management System:

#### 1. ****Order Management****

* **Order Taking**: Allows waitstaff or customers (if the system is self-service) to place orders for food and beverages. Orders can be taken via desktop computers, tablets, or kiosks.
* **Order Tracking**: Tracks each order from the time it is placed until it is served, providing status updates (e.g., pending, in-progress, served).
* **Customization**: Enables customers to customize their orders based on available options (e.g., additional toppings, substitutions, special requests).

#### 2. ****Billing and Payment Management****

* **Invoice Generation**: Automatically generates invoices for customers based on the items ordered, applying taxes, discounts, and tips.
* **Payment Gateway Integration**: Supports multiple payment options, including cash, credit/debit cards, and mobile wallets.
* **Split Billing**: Allows for splitting the bill among multiple customers, a common feature in cafes and restaurants.

#### 3. ****Inventory Management****

* **Stock Management**: Tracks inventory levels of raw materials (e.g., coffee beans, milk, sugar) and finished products (e.g., pre-made beverages or sandwiches).
* **Automatic Reordering**: The system can notify the cafe manager when inventory levels are low and automatically place reorders with suppliers.
* **Waste Tracking**: Keeps track of spoiled or wasted items, helping to reduce food wastage and improve profitability.

#### 4. ****Employee Management****

* **Shift Scheduling**: Managers can create and manage employee schedules, assign shifts, and ensure proper staffing levels.
* **Attendance Tracking**: Tracks employee attendance and working hours for payroll purposes.
* **Role-based Access**: Different employees (e.g., waitstaff, kitchen staff, manager) can be assigned different access levels to the system, ensuring security.

#### 5. ****Customer Relationship Management (CRM)****

* **Customer Profiles**: Maintains records of regular customers, including their order history, preferences, and contact information.
* **Loyalty Programs**: Implements customer loyalty programs (e.g., point accumulation, discounts) to encourage repeat business.
* **Feedback and Reviews**: Allows customers to provide feedback, helping the cafe improve its offerings and customer service.

#### 6. ****Reporting and Analytics****

* **Sales Reports**: Provides detailed reports on daily, weekly, or monthly sales, allowing the cafe owner to track financial performance.
* **Product Performance**: Analyzes which menu items are performing well and which ones need adjustments, helping the cafe refine its menu offerings.
* **Employee Performance**: Tracks the performance of employees, such as sales per shift or customer satisfaction ratings.

#### 7. ****Point of Sale (POS) System****

* **Order Entry**: Facilitates order entry and quick processing of customer orders.
* **Payment Processing**: Handles payment processing directly through the POS system, including managing cash, credit card, and digital payment transactions.
* **Receipts and Invoices**: Provides customers with receipts, detailing their purchase for transparency and accuracy.

#### 8. ****Menu Management****

* **Dynamic Menu**: Allows the cafe to create and update a digital menu, offering flexibility in managing seasonal items or promotions.
* **Menu Pricing**: Prices can be adjusted for different times of the day, or based on special offers and discounts.
* **Special Offers**: Enables the creation of time-sensitive offers, such as happy hour deals, discounts, or bundle promotions.

#### 9. ****Security and Data Protection****

* **Data Encryption**: Protects sensitive customer and financial data using strong encryption methods.
* **Backup and Recovery**: Regular backups of data to prevent loss in case of system failures.
* **User Authentication**: Ensures that only authorized personnel can access certain features of the system through login credentials and password protection.

**2.2 LANGUAGES USED**

### 2.2.1**. **HTML (HyperText Markup Language) - Structure****

#### Purpose of HTML in Cafe Management System:

HTML is responsible for defining the **structure** of the web pages. It creates the **markup** for all elements on the page, such as forms, tables, and buttons. HTML defines how different sections of the system will be laid out.

**Key Roles:**

* **Menu Display**: HTML will be used to create the structure of the cafe menu. It will list the items available for customers to order (e.g., coffee, sandwiches).
* **Order Forms**: HTML forms will capture user input (like order selections, customer details) and send them to JavaScript for further processing.
* **Order Summary**: After customers make their selections, HTML tables will display the list of items ordered, the quantity, and the total price.
* **Navigation**: HTML will be used to create navigation links to different sections of the Cafe Management System (like Menu, Orders, Reports).

### ****2.2.2 CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) - Styling****

#### Purpose of CSS in Cafe Management System:

CSS is used to **style** the HTML elements and make the system visually appealing. It ensures that the web pages are not only functional but also aesthetically pleasing and easy to navigate. CSS also helps make the interface responsive, so it works across different screen sizes (desktop, tablet, mobile).

**Key Roles:**

* **Layout & Positioning**: CSS ensures that the different sections of the Cafe Management System (Menu, Orders, etc.) are laid out clearly and are easy to use.
* **Color Scheme & Theme**: The CSS will define the color scheme of the system, which could include cafe-themed colors (e.g., coffee brown, cream, etc.), to match the branding of the cafe.
* **Responsiveness**: CSS makes sure the application adjusts its layout when viewed on different devices. This includes making sure buttons are clickable, tables are scrollable on mobile, and forms are easy to fill out.
* **Button Styling**: Buttons like "Place Order" or "Cancel" will have hover effects and styling to make them user-friendly and interactive.

### 2.2.3.JavaScript – Adding Interactivity

**Purpose**:  
JavaScript is responsible for adding **dynamic behavior** to the Cafe Management System. It enables the system to respond to user input without reloading the page, making the system more interactive.

**Key Roles:**

* **Order Placement**: When a user selects an item and quantity and clicks the "Place Order" button, JavaScript dynamically adds the order to the order list displayed on the page.
* **Form Validation**: JavaScript checks whether the user has filled out the order form correctly (e.g., no empty fields) and provides real-time feedback.
* **Dynamic Calculations**: It calculates the **total cost** based on the selected items and quantities, updating the total price without page reloads.
* **Interactivity and Feedback**: JavaScript can show notifications (such as "Order placed successfully!") and update the content dynamically, such as adding or removing items from the order list.

**3. REQUIREMENTS AND ANALYSIS**

**3.1 REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION**

The **Requirement Specification** for a Cafe Management System (CMS) defines the expected features and functionalities of the system. This is a crucial phase in the software development lifecycle, as it helps the developers and stakeholders align on the system’s design, scope, and implementation.

The requirement specification can be divided into **functional** and **non-functional requirements**, as follows:

#### ****Functional Requirements****

1. **User Management**
   * **Customer Registration/Login**: Customers should be able to register and log in with their credentials to place orders, view order history, and manage preferences.
   * **Admin Login**: The admin (staff or management) should have a separate login to manage orders, inventory, and customer data.
   * **Roles and Permissions**: Different user roles should be defined (e.g., Admin, Waiter, Kitchen Staff) with distinct access levels to ensure proper control over functionalities.
2. **Menu Management**
   * **Add/Remove Menu Items**: The admin should be able to add, remove, or update items on the cafe's menu (e.g., food and drinks).
   * **Menu Categories**: Organize menu items into categories like appetizers, main courses, desserts, drinks, etc.
   * **Pricing**: Each menu item should have a price which can be updated by the admin as needed.
3. **Order Management**
   * **Placing Orders**: Customers should be able to view the menu, select items, customize orders (e.g., size, extra toppings), and place an order.
   * **Order Status**: Display the status of an order (e.g., pending, in-progress, completed) for customers and the kitchen staff.
   * **Order History**: Allow customers and admins to view order history, with details such as time, items ordered, and total amount spent.
   * **Order Modifications**: Allow customers to modify orders before they are confirmed or after initial placement.
4. **Payment Processing**
   * **Payment Gateway Integration**: Support various payment methods such as cash, credit/debit cards, mobile wallets, and online payment systems.
   * **Payment Confirmation**: After payment, generate a receipt for the customer, and update the order status to "Paid".
   * **Invoice Generation**: Automatically generate invoices for every transaction, including details like items ordered, taxes, and total amount.
5. **Inventory Management**
   * **Track Ingredients and Supplies**: The system should keep track of stock levels of ingredients and other supplies.
   * **Low Stock Alerts**: The admin should receive alerts when inventory levels are low for any ingredient or item.
   * **Stock Updates**: Admins can update inventory levels after receiving new supplies or when an ingredient is used.
6. **Staff Management**
   * **Shift Management**: Admins should be able to assign work shifts to staff members (e.g., kitchen staff, waiters).
   * **Work Logs**: Maintain logs of staff work hours, attendance, and performance.
   * **Task Assignment**: Allow the admin to assign tasks such as food preparation or customer service to specific staff members.
7. **Reporting and Analytics**
   * **Sales Reports**: Generate reports on sales over specific periods (daily, weekly, monthly), showing total revenue, best-selling items, etc.
   * **Customer Insights**: Track customer behavior, preferences, and purchase history to tailor services or marketing efforts.
   * **Profit & Loss Reports**: Admin can access financial reports to analyze the cafe’s profitability.
8. **Customer Feedback**
   * **Ratings & Reviews**: Customers should be able to rate and review food, service, and the overall experience.
   * **Complaint Management**: Allow customers to submit complaints or suggestions, which will be reviewed by the management team.
9. **Reservation System**
   * **Table Reservation**: Customers can reserve a table in advance via the system, choosing the date, time, and number of people.
   * **Reservation Confirmation**: Upon booking, customers should receive a confirmation, and the admin should be alerted to manage seating.

#### ****Non-Functional Requirements****

1. **Performance Requirements**
   * **Response Time**: The system should load menu items, customer orders, and process payments within a few seconds, even under heavy traffic.
   * **Scalability**: The system should be able to handle an increasing number of users, orders, and menu items as the cafe expands.
2. **Security Requirements**
   * **Data Protection**: Secure customer data (e.g., personal details, payment information) with encryption and adhere to privacy laws (e.g., GDPR).
   * **Access Control**: Implement role-based access control to restrict access to sensitive data (e.g., financial records, staff information).
   * **Authentication & Authorization**: Implement strong login systems with password hashing and multi-factor authentication for sensitive roles.
3. **Availability and Reliability**
   * **System Availability**: The system should be available 24/7, with minimal downtime for maintenance or updates.
   * **Backup & Recovery**: Regular backups of the database should be taken to prevent data loss, with quick recovery mechanisms in case of failure.
4. **Usability**
   * **Intuitive Interface**: The system should be user-friendly for both customers and staff, with a clear and simple interface.
   * **Multi-Device Support**: The CMS should be accessible via desktops, tablets, and mobile devices.
5. **Compatibility**
   * **Cross-Platform**: The system should be compatible with different operating systems (Windows, Linux, macOS) and web browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Safari).
   * **Third-Party Integrations**: The CMS should integrate seamlessly with third-party services like payment gateways, POS systems, and inventory management tools.
6. **Legal and Regulatory Requirements**
   * **Compliance**: The system must comply with local food safety regulations, payment processing laws, and tax collection rules.
   * **Data Retention**: Retain necessary data for regulatory purposes (e.g., tax filings, accounting reports) as required by law.
7. **Localization**
   * **Language Support**: The system should support multiple languages to cater to a diverse customer base.
   * **Currency Support**: The system should support different currencies for international transactions.

This requirement specification provides a comprehensive overview of the expected functionalities, performance, and technical constraints for the Cafe Management System. It is essential that these requirements are validated and updated during the development and implementation process to ensure they align with the cafe’s business needs and goals.

**3.2 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS**

The **Hardware and Software Requirements** for a Cafe Management System (CMS) define the necessary infrastructure and technologies needed to run the system efficiently. These requirements are essential for ensuring that the system operates smoothly, securely, and with optimal performance across different environments (e.g., cafe branches, cloud hosting).

#### ****Hardware Requirements:****

The hardware requirements are divided into **Server-side** and **Client-side** hardware.

##### **1. Server-Side Hardware**

These requirements are for the servers that will host the CMS and its database, handling the system’s backend operations.

* **Processor (CPU)**:  
  A multi-core processor (e.g., Intel Xeon or AMD Ryzen) with a clock speed of at least 2.5 GHz to handle multiple requests simultaneously.
* **RAM**:  
  Minimum 8 GB of RAM, though 16 GB or more is recommended for handling higher traffic and larger databases.
* **Storage**:  
  At least 100 GB of SSD storage for faster read/write operations, with the option to scale based on data growth (e.g., customer data, order history, inventory).
* **Network**:  
  A reliable, high-speed internet connection (e.g., 100 Mbps or higher) for communication between clients (customers, staff) and the server, especially for cloud-based systems.
* **Backup Storage**:  
  External or cloud-based storage solutions for regular backups of the database (e.g., cloud backups like AWS, Google Cloud, or on-premise NAS solutions).
* **Redundancy/Load Balancing**:  
  Optional, but in case of high traffic or multiple cafe branches, the use of redundant servers or load balancers can ensure high availability and fault tolerance.

##### **2. Client-Side Hardware**

This refers to the hardware that users (staff, customers) will interact with, including POS (Point of Sale) systems and client devices.

* **Customer Devices**:
  + Tablets or smartphones (iOS/Android) for customers to browse the menu and place orders.
  + Desktop or laptop computers for admin management, reporting, and inventory control.
* **Staff Devices**:
  + **POS Systems**: Cash registers with touchscreens for waitstaff to input orders and process payments.
  + **Kitchen Displays**: Screens in the kitchen to receive and display orders for preparation.
* **Peripheral Devices**:
  + **Receipt Printer**: Thermal printers for printing receipts for customers.
  + **Barcode Scanners**: For inventory management or order tracking.
  + **Cash Drawer**: For cash payments at the POS.

#### ****Software Requirements:****

The software requirements detail the necessary tools, platforms, and technologies required to develop, deploy, and maintain the CMS.

##### **1. Operating System**

* **Server-Side OS**:
  + **Linux-based (Ubuntu, CentOS, Red Hat)** is recommended for server deployment due to its stability, security, and open-source nature.
  + Alternatively, **Windows Server** can be used if preferred for .NET-based systems.
* **Client-Side OS**:
  + **Windows** (for desktops/laptops used by admins or staff).
  + **Android/iOS** (for customer-facing devices like tablets or smartphones).

##### **2. Database Management System (DBMS)**

* **Relational Database**:
  + **MySQL** or **PostgreSQL** for storing structured data like customer information, orders, inventory, and staff data.
  + If NoSQL is preferred for flexibility, **MongoDB** could be used for certain applications.
* **Cloud Database (Optional)**:
  + Cloud services like **Amazon RDS**, **Google Cloud SQL**, or **Microsoft Azure SQL Database** for scalable and managed database hosting.

##### **3. Web and Application Servers**

* **Web Server**:
  + **Apache HTTP Server** or **Nginx** for hosting web applications.
* **Application Server**:
  + **Node.js**, **Java**, or **PHP** (depending on the backend development framework used).
  + **.NET** for Windows-based environments if developing a .NET application.

##### **4. Backend Development Technologies**

* **Programming Languages**:
  + **Python** (for Django or Flask frameworks),
  + **JavaScript** (Node.js),
  + **PHP** (for Laravel or Symfony frameworks),
  + **Java** (Spring Boot framework).
* **Frameworks**:
  + **Django** (Python),
  + **Spring Boot** (Java),
  + **Express.js** (Node.js).
* **API Services**:
  + RESTful APIs or GraphQL for communication between frontend and backend, especially if using mobile apps for customer interactions.

##### **5. Frontend Development Technologies**

* **HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript**:  
  To build the user interface for both admin and customer-facing applications.
* **Frontend Frameworks**:
  + **React.js**, **Vue.js**, or **Angular** for building interactive, responsive web interfaces.
* **Mobile App Development (for Customer App)**:
  + **React Native**, **Flutter**, or **Swift** for native mobile applications.

##### **6. Payment Gateway Integration**

* **Payment APIs**:
  + **Stripe**, **PayPal**, **Razorpay**, **Square** for integrating payment processing systems into the CMS for online and in-store transactions.

##### **7. Security and Authentication**

* **Encryption**:
  + Use **SSL/TLS** for securing data transmission between the server and client.
  + **AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)** for encrypting sensitive customer data such as passwords and payment details.
* **Authentication**:
  + **OAuth 2.0** or **JWT (JSON Web Tokens)** for secure user authentication and authorization.
  + **Multi-factor authentication** (MFA) for admins or staff members handling sensitive data.

##### **8. Analytics and Reporting Tools**

* **Business Intelligence (BI) Tools**:
  + **Google Analytics**, **Power BI**, or **Tableau** for analyzing sales data, customer behavior, and operational insights.
* **Reporting Libraries**:
  + **JasperReports**, **Crystal Reports**, or **Pandas** (Python) for generating detailed reports on sales, inventory, and performance metrics.

##### **9. Backup and Cloud Services**

* **Backup Tools**:
  + **Acronis**, **Veeam**, or cloud-based services for automated backups of the system’s database and application data.
* **Cloud Hosting** (Optional):
  + **Amazon Web Services (AWS)**, **Google Cloud Platform (GCP)**, or **Microsoft Azure** for cloud hosting, scalability, and remote access.

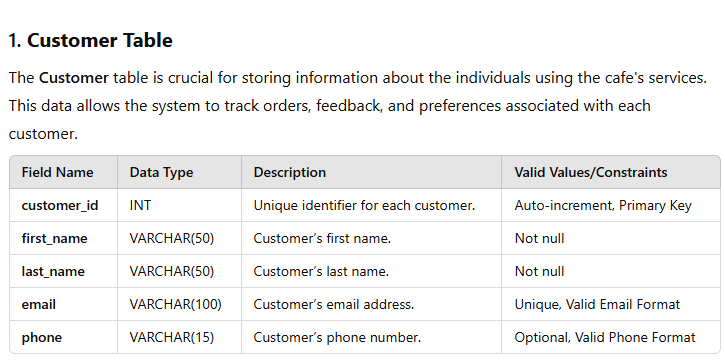
##### **10. Maintenance and Update Tools**

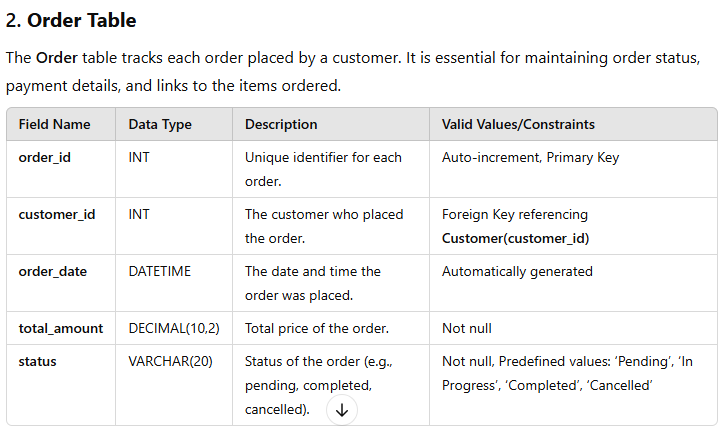
* **CI/CD Tools**:
  + **Jenkins**, **GitLab CI**, or **GitHub Actions** for continuous integration and deployment to ensure smooth updates and version control of the CMS.
* **System Monitoring Tools**:
  + **Nagios**, **Prometheus**, or **New Relic** for monitoring the performance and health of the system.

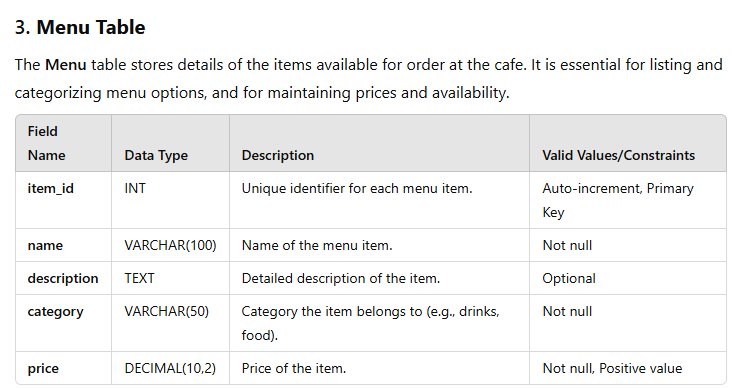
**3.3 DATA DICTIONARY**

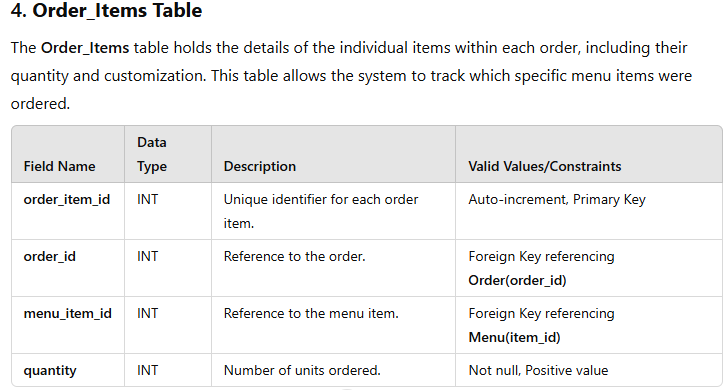
A **Data Dictionary** is a comprehensive collection of descriptions of the data used in the system, including the attributes, data types, valid values, and relationships between different data elements. In the context of a **Cafe Management System (CMS)**, the data dictionary helps define how data will be stored, processed, and managed within the system.

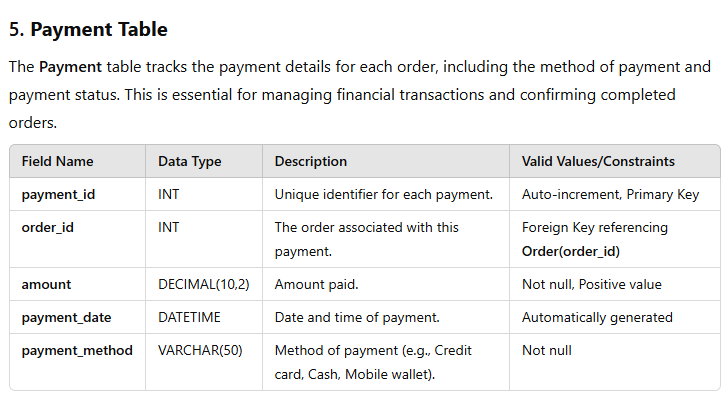
The data dictionary typically includes details about **tables** (in databases), **fields** (attributes), their **data types**, and any **relationships** between tables (e.g., foreign keys).

Here is a sample data dictionary for a CMS: 









Top of Form

3.4.ER DIAGRAM Bottom of Form

**PROGRAM CODE :**

**SQL CODE:**

**-- phpMyAdmin SQL Dump**

**-- version 5.2.0**

**-- https://www.phpmyadmin.net/**

**--**

**-- Host: 127.0.0.1**

**-- Generation Time: Aug 08, 2023 at 05:19 PM**

**-- Server version: 10.4.27-MariaDB**

**-- PHP Version: 8.2.0**

**SET SQL\_MODE = "NO\_AUTO\_VALUE\_ON\_ZERO";**

**START TRANSACTION;**

**SET time\_zone = "+00:00";**

**/\*!40101 SET @OLD\_CHARACTER\_SET\_CLIENT=@@CHARACTER\_SET\_CLIENT \*/;**

**/\*!40101 SET @OLD\_CHARACTER\_SET\_RESULTS=@@CHARACTER\_SET\_RESULTS \*/;**

**/\*!40101 SET @OLD\_COLLATION\_CONNECTION=@@COLLATION\_CONNECTION \*/;**

**/\*!40101 SET NAMES utf8mb4 \*/;**

**--**

**-- Database: `cafe-project`**

**--**

**-- --------------------------------------------------------**

**--**

**-- Table structure for table `tbl\_admin`**

**--**

**CREATE TABLE `tbl\_admin` (**

**`id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL,**

**`full\_name` varchar(100) NOT NULL,**

**`username` varchar(100) NOT NULL,**

**`password` varchar(255) NOT NULL**

**) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4\_general\_ci;**

**--**

**-- Dumping data for table `tbl\_admin`**

**--**

**INSERT INTO `tbl\_admin` (`id`, `full\_name`, `username`, `password`) VALUES**

**(2, 'abhi12', 'abhi12', 'e01808932deb02b79510845333ddb9b7'),**

**(3, 'admin', 'admin', '21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3'),**

**(4, 'abhishek', 'abhi', '21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3');**

**-- --------------------------------------------------------**

**--**

**-- Table structure for table `tbl\_category`**

**--**

**CREATE TABLE `tbl\_category` (**

**`id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL,**

**`title` varchar(100) NOT NULL,**

**`image\_name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,**

**`featured` varchar(10) NOT NULL,**

**`active` varchar(10) NOT NULL**

**) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4\_general\_ci;**

**--**

**-- Dumping data for table `tbl\_category`**

**--**

**INSERT INTO `tbl\_category` (`id`, `title`, `image\_name`, `featured`, `active`) VALUES**

**(1, 'TEA', 'Food\_Category\_205.jpeg', 'Yes', 'Yes'),**

**(2, 'SNACKS', 'Food\_Category\_153.jpg', 'Yes', 'Yes'),**

**(3, 'Khana', 'Food\_Category\_942.jpg', 'Yes', 'Yes');**

**-- --------------------------------------------------------**

**--**

**-- Table structure for table `tbl\_food`**

**--**

**CREATE TABLE `tbl\_food` (**

**`id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL,**

**`title` varchar(100) NOT NULL,**

**`description` text NOT NULL,**

**`price` decimal(10,0) NOT NULL,**

**`image\_name` varchar(255) NOT NULL,**

**`category\_id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL,**

**`featured` varchar(10) NOT NULL,**

**`active` varchar(10) NOT NULL**

**) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4\_general\_ci;**

**--**

**-- Dumping data for table `tbl\_food`**

**--**

**INSERT INTO `tbl\_food` (`id`, `title`, `description`, `price`, `image\_name`, `category\_id`, `featured`, `active`) VALUES**

**(1, 'chai', 'chai', '100', '', 1, 'Yes', 'Yes'),**

**(2, 'chawal and dal', 'fdfdf', '100', '', 3, 'Yes', 'Yes');**

**-- --------------------------------------------------------**

**--**

**-- Table structure for table `tbl\_order`**

**--**

**CREATE TABLE `tbl\_order` (**

**`id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL,**

**`food` varchar(150) NOT NULL,**

**`price` decimal(10,0) NOT NULL,**

**`qty` int(11) NOT NULL,**

**`total` decimal(10,0) NOT NULL,**

**`order\_date` datetime NOT NULL,**

**`status` varchar(50) NOT NULL,**

**`customer\_name` varchar(150) NOT NULL,**

**`customer\_contact` varchar(20) NOT NULL,**

**`customer\_email` varchar(150) NOT NULL,**

**`customer\_address` varchar(255) NOT NULL,**

**`table\_no` varchar(255) NOT NULL**

**) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4\_general\_ci;**

**--**

**-- Dumping data for table `tbl\_order`**

**--**

**INSERT INTO `tbl\_order` (`id`, `food`, `price`, `qty`, `total`, `order\_date`, `status`, `customer\_name`, `customer\_contact`, `customer\_email`, `customer\_address`, `table\_no`) VALUES**

**(11, 'chai', '100', 1, '100', '2023-08-08 17:07:02', 'Cancelled', 'abhishek singh', '924728472', 'abhsihek@', 'fefef', '10');**

**--**

**-- Indexes for dumped tables**

**--**

**--**

**-- Indexes for table `tbl\_admin`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_admin`**

**ADD PRIMARY KEY (`id`);**

**--**

**-- Indexes for table `tbl\_category`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_category`**

**ADD PRIMARY KEY (`id`);**

**--**

**-- Indexes for table `tbl\_food`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_food`**

**ADD PRIMARY KEY (`id`);**

**--**

**-- Indexes for table `tbl\_order`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_order`**

**ADD PRIMARY KEY (`id`);**

**--**

**-- AUTO\_INCREMENT for dumped tables**

**--**

**--**

**-- AUTO\_INCREMENT for table `tbl\_admin`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_admin`**

**MODIFY `id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT, AUTO\_INCREMENT=5;**

**--**

**-- AUTO\_INCREMENT for table `tbl\_category`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_category`**

**MODIFY `id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT, AUTO\_INCREMENT=4;**

**--**

**-- AUTO\_INCREMENT for table `tbl\_food`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_food`**

**MODIFY `id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT, AUTO\_INCREMENT=3;**

**--**

**-- AUTO\_INCREMENT for table `tbl\_order`**

**--**

**ALTER TABLE `tbl\_order`**

**MODIFY `id` int(10) UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT, AUTO\_INCREMENT=12;**

**COMMIT;**

**/\*!40101 SET CHARACTER\_SET\_CLIENT=@OLD\_CHARACTER\_SET\_CLIENT \*/;**

**/\*!40101 SET CHARACTER\_SET\_RESULTS=@OLD\_CHARACTER\_SET\_RESULTS \*/;**

**/\*!40101 SET COLLATION\_CONNECTION=@OLD\_COLLATION\_CONNECTION \*/;**

**<?php include('partials-front/menu.php'); ?>**

**<?php**

**//CHeck whether id is passed or not**

**if(isset($\_GET['category\_id']))**

**{**

**//Category id is set and get the id**

**$category\_id = $\_GET['category\_id'];**

**// Get the CAtegory Title Based on Category ID**

**$sql = "SELECT title FROM tbl\_category WHERE id=$category\_id";**

**//Execute the Query**

**$res = mysqli\_query($conn, $sql);**

**//Get the value from Database**

**$row = mysqli\_fetch\_assoc($res);**

**//Get the TItle**

**$category\_title = $row['title'];**

**}**

**else**

**{**

**//CAtegory not passed**

**//Redirect to Home page**

**header('location:'.SITEURL);**

**}**

**?>**

**<!-- fOOD sEARCH Section Starts Here -->**

**<section class="food-search text-center">**

**<div class="container">**

**<h2>Foods on <a href="#" class="text-white">"<?php echo $category\_title; ?>"</a></h2>**

**</div>**

**</section>**

**<!-- fOOD sEARCH Section Ends Here -->**

**<!-- fOOD MEnu Section Starts Here -->**

**<section class="food-menu">**

**<div class="container">**

**<h2 class="text-center">Food Menu</h2>**

**<?php**

**//Create SQL Query to Get foods based on Selected CAtegory**

**$sql2 = "SELECT \* FROM tbl\_food WHERE category\_id=$category\_id";**

**//Execute the Query**

**$res2 = mysqli\_query($conn, $sql2);**

**//Count the Rows**

**$count2 = mysqli\_num\_rows($res2);**

**//CHeck whether food is available or not**

**if($count2>0)**

**{**

**//Food is Available**

**while($row2=mysqli\_fetch\_assoc($res2))**

**{**

**$id = $row2['id'];**

**$title = $row2['title'];**

**$price = $row2['price'];**

**$description = $row2['description'];**

**?>**

**<div class="food-menu-box">**

**<div class="food-menu-img">**

**</div>**

**<div class="food-menu-desc">**

**<h4><?php echo $title; ?></h4>**

**<p class="food-price">₹<?php echo $price; ?></p>**

**<p class="food-detail">**

**<?php echo $description; ?>**

**</p>**

**<br>**

**<a href="<?php echo SITEURL; ?>order.php?food\_id=<?php echo $id; ?>" class="btn btn-primary">Order Now</a>**

**</div>**

**</div>**

**<?php**

**}**

**}**

**else**

**{**

**//Food not available**

**echo "<div class='error'>Food not Available.</div>";**

**<div class="clearfix"></di**

**</div>**

**</section>**

**<!-- fOOD Menu Section Ends Here -->**

**<?php include('partials-front/footer.php'); ?>**

**<?php include('partials-front/menu.php'); ?>**

**<!-- fOOD sEARCH Section Starts Here -->**

**<section class="food-search text-center">**

**<div class="container">**

**<?php**

**//Get the Search Keyword**

**// $search = $\_POST['search'];**

**$search = mysqli\_real\_escape\_string($conn, $\_POST['search']);**

**?>**

**<h2>Foods on Your Search <a href="#" class="text-white">"<?php echo $search; ?>"</a></h2>**

**</div>**

**</section>**

**<!-- fOOD sEARCH Section Ends Here -->**

**<!-- fOOD MEnu Section Starts Here -->**

**<section class="food-menu">**

**<div class="container">**

**<h2 class="text-center">Food Menu</h2>**

**<?php**

**//SQL Query to Get foods based on search keyword**

**//$search = burger '; DROP database name;**

**// "SELECT \* FROM tbl\_food WHERE title LIKE '%burger'%' OR description LIKE '%burger%'";**

**$sql = "SELECT \* FROM tbl\_food WHERE title LIKE '%$search%' OR description LIKE '%$search%'";**

**//Execute the Query**

**$res = mysqli\_query($conn, $sql);**

**//Count Rows**

**$count = mysqli\_num\_rows($res);**

**//Check whether food available of not**

**if($count>0)**

**{**

**//Food Available**

**while($row=mysqli\_fetch\_assoc($res))**

**{**

**//Get the details**

**$id = $row['id'];**

**$title = $row['title'];**

**$price = $row['price'];**

**$description = $row['description'];**

**?>**

**<div class="food-menu-box">**

**<div class="food-menu-img">**

**</div>**

**<div class="food-menu-desc">**

**<h4><?php echo $title; ?></h4>**

**<p class="food-price">$<?php echo $price; ?></p>**

**<p class="food-detail">**

**<?php echo $description; ?>**

**</p>**

**<br>**

**<a href="#" class="btn btn-primary">Order Now</a>**

**</div>**

**</div>**

**<?php**

**}**

**}**

**else**

**{**

**//Food Not Available**

**echo "<div class='error'>Food not found.</div>";**

**}**

**?>**

**<div class="clearfix"></div>**

**</div>**

**</section>**

**<!-- fOOD Menu Section Ends Here -->**

**<?php include('partials-front/footer.php'); ?>**